1	WATER RELATED CHANGES		
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION		
3	STATE OF UTAH		
4	Chief Sponsor: Casey Snider		
5	Senate Sponsor:		
6 7	LONG TITLE		
8	General Description:		
9	This bill addresses issues related to water.		
10	Highlighted Provisions:		
11	This bill:		
12	 provides for the application of planning and prioritization to water funds and 		
13	accounts;		
14	 modifies provisions related to the formulation of a state water plan; 		
15	 amends provisions related to the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account; 		
16	authorizes rulemaking authority;		
17	requires the Board of Water Resources to impose a water use fee and to study the		
18	fee and consolidation of funds and accounts;		
19	creates the Water Infrastructure Fund;		
20	 modifies provisions of the Watershed Councils Act; 		
21	 modifies provisions related to the Water Development Coordinating Council; 		
22	enacts planning and prioritization provisions, including:		
23	• defining terms;		
24	 requiring a unified water infrastructure plan; 		
25	 providing for ranking and prioritizing of water infrastructure projects; 		
26	 addressing duties; and 		
27	 requiring reserve studies and capital asset management; and 		



28	makes technical and conforming changes.
29	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
30	None
31	Other Special Clauses:
32	None
33	Utah Code Sections Affected:
34	AMENDS:
35	73-10-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 354
36	73-10-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 320
37	73-10-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 169
38	73-10-7, as Utah Code Annotated 1953
39	73-10-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 342
40	73-10-22, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1995, Chapter 183
41	73-10-23, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 306
42	73-10-24, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 169
43	73-10-25, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 261
44	73-10-25.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 199
45	73-10-26, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 267
46	73-10-27, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 347
47	73-10-29, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 169
48	73-10-30, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 342
49	73-10-31, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 199
50	73-10c-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 238
51	73-10c-4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 142
52	73-10c-4.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
53	73-10c-4.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 382
54	73-10c-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 342
55	73-10g-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 458
56	73-10g-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 261
57	73-10g-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 261
58	73-10g-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 28

73-10g-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 309
73-10g-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 65
73-10g-305, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 309
73-10g-306, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 309
73-20-8, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 169
ENACTS:
73-10g-105.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
73-10g-107, Utah Code Annotated 1953
73-10g-108 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
73-10g-601, Utah Code Annotated 1953
73-10g-602 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
73-10g-603 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
73-10g-604 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
73-10g-605 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
REPEALS AND REENACTS:
73-10-15, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1967, Chapter 176
REPEALS:
73-10-17, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1963, Chapter 178
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 73-10-1 is amended to read:
73-10-1. State's policy Creation of revolving fund General construction of
chapter.
(1) (a) The Legislature [of the state of Utah has heretofore declared] declares:
(i) by Section 73-1-1[, Utah Code Annotated 1953,] that[,] "All waters in this state,
whether above or under the ground, are hereby declared to be the property of the public, subject
to all existing rights to the use thereof";
(ii) by Section 73-1-3[, Utah Code Annotated 1953,] that "Beneficial use shall be the
basis, the measure and the limit of all rights to the use of water in this state"; and
(iii) by Section 17B-2a-1002 that the policy of the state is, to "obtain from water in the
state the highest duty for domestic uses and irrigation of lands in the state within the terms of

90 applicable interstate compacts and other law."

(b) The Legislature by this chapter reiterates and reaffirms such declaration of the public policy of the state [of Utah].

- (2) It is further declared to be the policy of this chapter and of the state [of Utah], and the [legislature] Legislature recognizes:
- (a) that by construction of projects based upon sound engineering the waters within the various counties of the state [of Utah] can be saved from waste and increased in efficiency of beneficial use by 25% to 100%;
- (b) that because of well-known conditions such as low prices and lack of market for farm products, particularly the inefficiency of water supply because of lack of late season water and consequent lack of financial strength, water users in small communities have been unable to build projects that would provide full conservation and beneficial use for the limited water supply in this semiarid land;
- (c) that water, as the property of the public, should be so managed by the public that it can be put to the highest use for public benefit;
- (d) that Congress of the United States has provided for the building of larger water conservation projects throughout the semiarid states, payment of the capital costs without interest to be made by the water users upon the basis of a fair portion of crop returns;
- (e) that the Congress of the United States has established in the department of interior and in the department of agriculture, various agencies having authority to develop, protect, and aid in putting to beneficial use the land and water resources of the United States and to cooperate with state agencies having similar authority;
- (f) that the interests of the state [of Utah] require that means be provided for close cooperation between all state and federal agencies to the end that the underground waters and waters of the small streams of the state, and the lands thereunder, can be made to yield abundantly and increase the income and well-being of the citizens of the state; and
- (g) that it appears to be sound public policy for the state [of Utah] to provide a revolving fund, to be increased at each legislative session, to the end that every mountain stream and every water resource within the state can be made to render the highest beneficial service, such fund to be so administered that [no project will] a project may not be built:
 - (i) except upon expert engineering, financial, and geological approval[-]; and

121	(ii) for water infrastructure projects, subject to prioritization under Chapter 10g, Part 6,		
122	Planning and Prioritization.		
123	(3) [All of the provisions of this] This chapter shall be liberally construed so as to carry		
124	out and put into force and effect the purposes and policies as [hereinabove] set forth in this		
125	section.		
126	Section 2. Section 73-10-5 is amended to read:		
127	73-10-5. Selection of project by board Preparation of plans and estimate of cost		
128	Contracts by board.		
129	[When a]		
130	(1) The Board of Water Resources shall cause plans and cost estimates to be prepared		
131	for a project when the project to be constructed:		
132	(a) is funded with money made available from the funds created by Section 73-10-8		
133	[has been selected by the board, which in its opinion, will conserve];		
134	(b) is prioritized under Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization; and		
135	(c) in the opinion of the Board of Water Resources, will result in the wise use of the		
136	water resources of this state for the best interests of the citizens of the state[, the board shall		
137	cause plans and cost estimates of such project to be prepared. Such].		
138	(2) (a) The Board of Water Resources shall refer the plans and cost estimates [shall		
139	then be referred] described in Subsection (1) to the director of the Division of Finance who		
140	shall determine whether [or not] funds are available for the construction of the project.		
141	(b) If the director of the Division of Finance approves the project so far as the		
142	availability of [funds] money is concerned, the [Utah water and power board] Board of Water		
143	Resources shall then enter into a contract or contracts for the construction of the project. [Such]		
144	(c) The contracts [shall not be] described in Subsection (2)(b) are not binding upon the		
145	state until approved by the director of the Division of Finance from the standpoint of whether		
146	[or not] <u>:</u>		
147	(i) the cost of the work is reasonable; and [whether]		
148	(ii) the contract has been entered into under the terms and conditions most		
149	advantageous to the state.		
150	Section 3. Section 73-10-6 is amended to read:		
151	73-10-6. Making water available to citizens of state Assessment of charges		

152	against water users Water Resources Construction Fund.
153	(1) [The] Subject to Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization, the Board of
154	Water Resources may make available for the use of the citizens of the state who are, in [its] the
155	Board of Water Resources' opinion, best able to [utilize] use the same, any or all water and
156	power [conserved] made available by any of the projects to which the state may have title and
157	may enter into contracts for the use of [said] the water and power with individuals or with
158	organizations composed of citizens of the state [of Utah].
159	(2) (a) The [board] Board of Water Resources may assess against any person using
160	such water and power such charges as, in the opinion of the [board] Board of Water Resources,
161	are necessary and reasonable for the maintenance of the project and return to the state the
162	actual costs of the project over [such] the term of years as the [board may deem it] Board of
163	Water Resources may consider advisable.
164	(b) Any amount collected as charges over and above the amount necessary to maintain
165	any particular project shall become part of the Water Resources Construction Fund.
166	Section 4. Section 73-10-7 is amended to read:
167	73-10-7. Title to projects Contractual powers of board.
168	(1) [Title] Subject to Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization, title of all
169	projects constructed with funds made available by Section 73-10-8 [hereof] under the terms of
170	this [act] chapter shall become vested in the state [of Utah].
171	(2) The [board is empowered to] Board of Water Resources may enter into contracts
172	[which are, in its] that are, in the Board of Water Resources' opinion, necessary for the
173	maintenance and continued operation of [such] the projects described in Subsection (1).
174	Section 5. Section 73-10-8 is amended to read:
175	73-10-8. Water Resources Construction Fund Creation and contents of fund
176	Use Investigation Account created Interest Retainage Loans and grants for dam
177	safety work.
178	(1) There is created the Water Resources Construction Fund, which consists of:
179	(a) money appropriated or otherwise made available to it by the Legislature;
180	(b) money from the sale or management of the 500,000 acres of land selected for the
181	establishment of reservoirs under Section 12 of the Utah Enabling Act;
182	(c) charges assessed against water and power users pursuant to Section 73-10-6; and

- (d) interest accrued pursuant to Subsection (5).
 - (2) [The board] Subject to Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization, the Board of Water Resources may authorize the use of money in the fund for the following purposes:
 - (a) to develop water conservation projects, including paying the costs of construction, engineering, investigation, inspection, and other related expenses;
 - (b) to provide loans and grants to dam owners to conduct dam safety studies;
 - (c) to provide loans and grants to dam owners:
 - (i) to upgrade dams in conformance with the minimum standards established by the state engineer in rules; or
 - (ii) for nonstructural solutions developed to meet minimum standards or lower hazard ratings that are approved by the state engineer, including the purchase of habitable structures, purchase of flood easements, and installation of early warning systems; or
 - (d) as otherwise provided by law.
 - (3) The [board] <u>Board of Water Resources</u> may provide for the repayment of the costs of investigation, engineering, and inspection out of the first money to be paid under a contract for the construction of a water project. The money repaid shall be deposited into a subaccount within the Water Resources Construction Fund known as the <u>"Investigation Account,"</u> to be used by the [board] <u>Board of Water Resources</u> for the purpose of making investigations for the development and use of the water resources of the state.
 - (4) Contributions of money, property, or equipment may be received from [any] a political subdivision of the state, federal agency, water users' association, person, or corporation for use in making investigations, constructing projects, or otherwise carrying out the purposes of this section.
 - (5) [All money] Money deposited into the Water Resources Construction Fund shall be invested by the state treasurer with interest accruing to the Water Resources Construction Fund.
 - (6) If any payment on a contract with a private contractor to construct a project funded by the Water Resources Construction Fund is retained or withheld, [it] the payment shall be retained or withheld and released as provided in Section 13-8-5.
 - (7) Loans to dam owners for dam safety studies and to upgrade dams in conformance with minimum standards shall be secured by taking water rights associated with the dam.

214	(8) The following restrictions apply to $[any]$ a grant made to a dam owner for a dam
215	safety study:
216	(a) only a nonprofit mutual irrigation company or a water users association is eligible
217	to receive a grant;
218	(b) the dam safety study shall be required by the state engineer pursuant to Section
219	73-5a-503; and
220	(c) the amount of any grant shall be limited to up to 50% of the costs of the dam safety
221	study.
222	(9) (a) [The board] Subject to Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization, the
223	Board of Water Resources may provide grants to mutual irrigation companies and water users
224	associations to upgrade dams in conformance with minimum standards of the state engineer.
225	[Each] A grant authorized by the [board] Board of Water Resources for the upgrade of a dam
226	of a mutual irrigation company or water users association in conformance with the minimum
227	standards shall be sufficient to pay for 80% of the costs to upgrade the dam.
228	(b) (i) Pursuant to guidelines specified in Subsection (9)(b)(ii) and subject to Chapter
229	10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization, the [board] Board of Water Resources may provide
230	loans or grants, or both, to entities other than mutual irrigation companies and water users
231	associations to upgrade dams in conformance with minimum standards of the state engineer.
232	(ii) In determining the type of financial assistance to be provided to an entity other than
233	a mutual irrigation company or water users association, the [board] Board of Water Resources
234	shall consider the dam owner's ability to pay and may consider other factors including:
235	(A) the degree of hazard;
236	(B) the threat to public safety;
237	(C) the state engineer's priority list of dams;
238	(D) the cost effectiveness of the restoration;
239	(E) the number of potential and actual applications for financial assistance; and
240	(F) the funds available.
241	(10) The amount of money in the fund that may be used for grants for dam safety
242	studies shall be limited to the amount of money appropriated to the fund for that purpose.
243	(11) [The board] Subject to Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization, the Board
244	of Water Resources shall consult with the state engineer in establishing a priority list of dams

243	to be upgraded with money in the fund.	
246	(12) A dam owner who has initiated or completed construction approved by the state	
247	engineer to upgrade the dam in conformance with minimum standards may apply for a grant or	
248	loan from the [board] Board of Water Resources as reimbursement for those construction	
249	expenditures.	
250	Section 6. Section 73-10-15 is repealed and reenacted to read:	
251	73-10-15. State water plan Entities to cooperate in formulation of plan.	
252	(1) As used in this section:	
253	(a) "Division" means the Division of Water Resources created under Section 73-10-18.	
254	(b) "State water plan" means a comprehensive framework that identifies available	
255	water resources, recommends strategies for water resource optimization, and guides efforts to	
256	manage available water supplies.	
257	(2) (a) The division shall formulate a state water plan that:	
258	(i) at a minimum references the state unified water infrastructure plan created by the	
259	Water Development Coordinating Council under Section 73-10g-602;	
260	(ii) fosters communities and businesses;	
261	(iii) facilitates local agriculture;	
262	(iv) addresses outdoor recreation; and	
263	(v) provides for a healthy environment.	
264	(b) The state water plan may include recommendations for policy, fiscal support,	
265	implementation of findings by governmental and private institutions, and public engagement.	
266	(c) In formulating the state water plan, the division shall seek input from a wide range	
267	of stakeholders, including representatives from agriculture and other water dependent	
268	businesses, conservationists, recreation interests, government entities, academia, and Utah	
269	residents in general.	
270	(3) The following shall cooperate with the division in the formulation of the state water	
271	plan:	
272	(a) the following state entities:	
273	(i) the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget;	
274	(ii) the Department of Agriculture and Food;	
275	(iii) within the Department of Natural Resources:	

276	(A) the Division of Water Rights;	
277	(B) the Utah Geological Survey;	
278	(C) the Division of Wildlife Resources;	
279	(D) the Division of Forestry, Fire, and State Lands; and	
280	(E) the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office;	
281	(iv) within the Department of Environmental Quality:	
282	(A) the Division of Drinking Water; and	
283	(B) the Division of Water Quality;	
284	(v) the Office of the Great Salt Lake Commissioner;	
285	(vi) the Utah Watersheds Council; and	
286	(vii) the Colorado River Authority of Utah;	
287	(b) the following local entities:	
288	(i) a water conservancy district created under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 10, Water	
289		
290	(ii) a local watershed council created under Chapter 10g, Part 3, Watershed Councils	
291	Act; and	
292	(c) any other state or local entity that the division considers necessary.	
293	(4) A state entity identified in Subsection (3)(a) shall designate an individual to assist	
294	and advise the division in the formulation of a state water plan.	
295	(5) The division shall use information, including water resources data, that has been or	
296	will be assembled by state entities, the United States government, various colleges and	
297	universities of the state, or any other source that can profitably contribute to the development of	
298	the state water plan.	
299	(6) In accordance with this section, an entity described in Subsection (3) shall	
300	cooperate with the division unless the cooperation would directly impair the authority granted	
301	to the entity by statute.	
302	(7) The Utah Watersheds Council shall advise the division concerning state water	
303	planning activities.	
304	Section 7. Section 73-10-22 is amended to read:	
305	73-10-22. Water Resources Cities Water Loan Fund Annual appropriation	
306	Interest.	

30/	(1) Beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1978, the Legislature shall provide
308	an annual appropriation from the General Fund from liquor control profits to the Board of
309	Water Resources to make the loans provided for in Sections 73-10-20, 73-10-21, and 73-10-23
310	if prioritized under Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization. The money appropriated
311	by the Legislature shall be deposited in a fund known as the "Water Resources Cities Water
312	Loan Fund."
313	(2) [All money] Money deposited into the Water Resources Cities Water Loan Fund
314	shall be invested by the state treasurer with interest accruing to the Water Resources Cities
315	Water Loan Fund.
316	Section 8. Section 73-10-23 is amended to read:
317	73-10-23. Loans for water systems Board of Water Resources authority
318	Procedure.
319	(1) The Board of Water Resources [is authorized to] may make loans to cities, towns,
320	metropolitan water districts, water conservancy districts, improvement districts, special
321	improvement districts, or special service districts within the state for the acquisition or
322	construction of new or existing water systems or the improvement or extension of those
323	systems from [funds] money appropriated for the purpose of this chapter and prioritized under
324	Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization.
325	(2) (a) Cities, towns, or districts [which] that participate in this program shall submit
326	an application for [funds] money to the Board of Water Resources.
327	(b) The application may request a loan to cover all or part of the cost of an eligible
328	project.
329	(c) Requests for loans shall be submitted in a form and shall include information as the
330	[board] Board of Water Resources prescribes.
331	(3) (a) The [board] Board of Water Resources shall establish criteria for determining
332	eligibility for loans [and shall determine appropriate priorities among projects], except that the
333	Board of Water Resources shall require compliance with Section 73-10g-605 to be eligible for
334	<u>a loan</u> .
335	(b) [Funds] Money received from the repayment of loans shall be added to this special
336	fund and be available for additional loans under the administration of the [board] Board of
337	Water Resources.

338	[(c) In determining priorities for eligible projects, the board shall consider:]		
339	[(i) probable growth of population due to actual or prospective economic development		
340	in an area;]		
341	[(ii) possible additional sources of state and local revenue;]		
342	[(iii) opportunities for expanded employment;]		
343	[(iv) present or potential health hazards;]		
344	[(v) water systems which do not meet minimum state standards;]		
345	[(vi) cities, towns, or districts which have insufficient water to meet current demands;]		
346	[(vii) feasibility and practicality of the project;]		
347	[(viii) per capita cost of the project;]		
348	[(ix) per capita income of the residents in the area;]		
349	[(x) the borrowing capacity of the city, town, or district and its ability to sell bonds in		
350	the open market; and]		
351	[(xi) the availability of federal funds for the project.]		
352	[(4) (a) The board shall consult with the Governor's Advisory Council on Community		
353	Affairs in the establishment of priorities but that advice is not binding upon the board.]		
354	[(b)] (4) If an application is rejected, the [board] Board of Water Resources shall notify		
355	the applicant stating the reasons for the rejection.		
356	(5) The Board of Water Resources shall review the plans and specifications for the		
357	project [prior to] before approval and may condition approval and the availability of [funds]		
358	money on assurances the [board] Board of Water Resources considers necessary to ensure that		
359	the proceeds of the loan will be used to pay the cost of the project and that the project will be		
360	completed.		
361	(6) Any loan shall specify the terms for repayment and may be evidenced by general		
362	obligation bonds, revenue bonds, special assessment bonds, or other bonds or obligations		
363	legally issued by the appropriate city, town, metropolitan water district, water conservancy		
364	district, improvement district, special improvement district, or special service district and		
365	purchased by the [board] Board of Water Resources pursuant to the authority for the issuance		
366	that exists at the time of the loan.		
367	(7) (a) Upon approval of an application, the [board] Board of Water Resources shall		
368	advise the applicant and may provide [funds] money as a loan to cover all or part of the costs of		

369	aliaibla	projects
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- (b) Costs of an eligible project may include all costs of acquisition and construction as well as costs incurred for preliminary planning to determine the economic and engineering feasibility of a proposed project, the engineering, architectural, legal, fiscal, and economic investigations and studies, surveys, designs, plans, working drawings, specifications, procedures, and other action necessary to the project and its financing; the cost of erection, building, acquisition, modification, improvement, or extension of water system facilities and the inspection and supervision of the construction of such facilities.
- (8) [No loan shall] A loan may not include any project costs for which the applicant receives federal financial assistance, other than federal loans [which] that must be repaid by the applicant.

Section 9. Section 73-10-24 is amended to read:

73-10-24. Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created.

There is created a Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund to further enhance the state's ability to carry out the policy described in Section 73-10-1. The fund shall be administered by the Board of Water Resources and is subject to Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization. The fund is a revolving fund established for the construction, operation, and maintenance of projects considered by the [board] Board of Water Resources to be outside the scope of financing by the Water Resources Construction Fund, as created by Section 73-10-8, and shall include[, but not be limited to,] flood control projects.

Section 10. Section **73-10-25** is amended to read:

73-10-25. Contents of fund -- Investment -- Contributions.

- (1) The Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund consists of:
- (a) money appropriated to it by the Legislature;
- (b) money received from the sale of project water and power, less operating and maintenance costs;
- (c) annual payments on contracts for projects constructed under Section 73-10-24 or the State Water Conservation Program; and
- (d) other money or tax revenues designated by the Legislature to be credited to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund.
 - (2) Money deposited into the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund

429	operation Transfer of a water right Purchase of a bond from an Indian tribe.	
428	73-10-26. Definitions Construction of a project by board Ownership and	
427	Section 12. Section 73-10-26 is amended to read:	
426	to Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization.	
425	political subdivisions for interest buy-down agreements for water development projects subject	
424	Cities Water Loan Fund or the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund to	
423	(2) The Board of Water Resources may make loans or grants from the Water Resources	
422	security to provide security for water project obligations.	
421	subdivisions to pay the costs of obtaining letters of credit or other forms of insurance or	
420	73-10-24. Credit enhancement agreements may include provisions for loans to political	
419	73-10-22 or the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section	
418	obligations financed using the Water Resources Cities Water Loan Fund created in Section	
417	Resources determines will reasonably improve the security for or marketability of water project	
416	political subdivisions containing terms and provisions that the [board] Board of Water	
415	(1) The Board of Water Resources may enter into credit enhancement agreements with	
414	73-10-25.1. Credit enhancement and interest buy-down agreements.	
413	Section 11. Section 73-10-25.1 is amended to read:	
412	water infrastructure project prioritized under Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization.	
411	(b) relates to a project described in Subsection [73-10g-104(4)] <u>73-10g-104(2)(d) or a</u>	
410	after July 1, 2023; and	
409	(a) is issued from the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund on or	
408	Restricted Account, created in Section 73-10g-103, if the loan:	
407	issued subject to Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization, to the Water Infrastructure	
406	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the division shall transfer a payment on a loan	
405	out the purposes of Section 73-10-24.	
404	subdivision of the state, federal agency, water users' association, or person for use in carrying	
403	(3) A contribution of money, property, or equipment may be received from a political	
402	Section 148(f), Internal Revenue Code of 1986.	
401	Conservation and Development Fund, except for payments, if any, necessary to comply with	
400	shall be invested by the state treasurer with interest accruing to the Water Resources	

(1) As used in this section:

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431	(a) "Board" means the Board of Water Resources created in Section 73-10-1.5.
432	(b) "Bond" means:
433	(i) a written obligation to repay borrowed money, whether denominated a bond, note,
434	warrant, certificate of indebtedness, or otherwise; and
435	(ii) a lease agreement, installment purchase agreement, or other agreement that
436	includes an obligation to pay money.
437	(c) "Division" means the Division of Water Resources created in Section 73-10-18.
438	(d) "Project" means a facility, works, or other real or personal property that:
439	(i) conserves or develops the water or hydroelectric power resources of the state; or
440	(ii) controls flooding.
441	(2) (a) The board, through the division, may construct a project.
442	(b) An electric public utility or a municipality of the state may construct an electrical
443	facility incidental to a project.
444	(c) If the state constructs the electrical facility, the state must first offer the power and
445	energy derived from the hydroelectric generating project to an electric public utility or
446	municipality in the state for distribution to electric consumers.
447	(3) (a) The board, through the division, may consider a flood control project in the
448	same manner and apply the same procedures and rules as the board would consider or apply to
449	another project within its statutory authority.
450	(b) If funds controlled by the board are to be used for the flood control project, the
451	planning of the project is subject to the review of the board.
452	(c) If the flood control project is authorized for construction, the plans, specifications,
453	and construction supervision shall be undertaken as prescribed by the board.
454	(4) The board may enter into an agreement for the construction or financing of a
455	project financed with money from the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund
456	with another state, the federal government, a political subdivision of the state, an Indian tribe,
457	or a private corporation.
458	(5) (a) (i) Except as provided by Subsections (5)(a)(ii) and (b), title to a project,

(ii) The board may take a bond legally issued by the project sponsor in lieu of or in

including a water right, constructed or acquired with money from the Water Resources

Conservation and Development Fund is vested in the state.

addition to taking title to the project and water right.

- (b) If an Indian tribe sponsors a project, the board may take a bond legally issued by the tribe, to the extent that federal law allows the tribe to issue a bond, in lieu of taking title to the project and water right, if the tribe:
- (i) waives the defense of sovereign immunity regarding the bond issue in an action arising out of the issuance or default under the bond; and
- (ii) agrees in writing that it will not challenge state court jurisdiction over any litigation resulting from default on its obligation in the transaction.
- (c) Before entering into an agreement with or purchasing a bond from a tribe, the board shall:
- (i) require that the tribe obtain the written approval of the Secretary of the United States Department of the Interior or the secretary's designee to all aspects of the agreement or bond;
 - (ii) obtain a legal opinion from a recognized bond counsel certifying:
 - (A) that the tribe has legal authority to:
 - (I) enter into the agreement; or
- 478 (II) issue the bond;

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- (B) that the pledge of an asset or revenue by the tribe as security for the payments under the agreement or bond is a valid and legally enforceable pledge; and
- (C) that the agreement or bond may be enforced in a court of general jurisdiction in the state; and
- (iii) determine whether it has sufficient legal recourse against the tribe and against a security pledged by the tribe in the event of default.
 - (6) (a) The board may own and operate a project if:
 - (i) the project is consistent with the plan adopted by the board; and
- (ii) in the opinion of the board the ownership and operation of the project by the board is in the best interest of the state.
- (b) In the ownership and operation of a project referred to in Subsection (6)(a), the board shall use a water right held in its name under authority of Section 73-10-19.
- 491 (c) (i) The board may enter into a contract with another state, the federal government, a 492 political subdivision of the state, an Indian tribe, or a private corporation for operation,

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493	maintenance, and administration of the project.
494	(ii) The board may pay the contracting agency a reasonable sum for operation,
495	maintenance, and administration of the project.
496	(7) (a) The board may also:
497	(i) enter into an agreement in which title to a project is conveyed to a cooperating
498	project sponsor after charges assessed against the project have been paid to the state in
499	accordance with the terms of the construction agreement or amendment to the agreement;
500	(ii) make the water and power available to the state's citizens who are, in the board's
501	opinion, best able to use the water and power:
502	(A) [that is conserved] made available by the project; and
503	(B) to which the state has title;
504	(iii) enter into a contract for the use of the water and power with an individual or an
505	organization composed of the state's citizens; and
506	(iv) assess a reasonable fee against a person using water and power from a project.
507	(b) The amount collected over the amount to be returned to the state for payment of the
508	principal, interest, and maintenance of the project shall be deposited in the Water Resources
509	Conservation and Development Fund as established by Section 73-10-24.
510	(8) The board shall retain ownership of a water right used for a project owned and
511	operated by the board unless:
512	(a) the water right originally held by a cooperating project sponsor is conveyed to the
513	project sponsor upon payment to the state of charges assessed against the project in accordance
514	with the terms of the construction agreement or an amendment to the agreement; or
515	(b) the board transfers an unperfected water right held by the board that is not being
516	used in a state-owned project to a political subdivision of the state, an agency of the federal
517	government, or a nonprofit water company.
518	(9) A transfer of the board's water right shall be made to the entity that is best able to
519	use the water right for the benefit of the state's citizens.
520	Section 13. Section 73-10-27 is amended to read:

(a) "Board" means the Board of Water Resources created in Section 73-10-1.5.

73-10-27. Definitions -- Bids and contracts -- Retainage.

(1) As used in this section:

524	(b) "Estimated cost" means the cost of the labor, material, and equipment necessary for
525	construction of the contemplated project.
526	(c) "Lowest responsible bidder" means a licensed contractor:
527	(i) who:
528	(A) submits the lowest bid; and
529	(B) furnishes a payment bond and a performance bond under Sections 14-1-18 and
530	63G-6a-1103; and
531	(ii) whose bid:
532	(A) is in compliance with the invitation for a bid; and
533	(B) meets the plans and specifications.
534	[(2) In considering the priority for a project to be built or financed with funds made
535	available under Section 73-10-24, the board shall give preference to a project that:]
536	[(a) is sponsored by, or for the benefit of, the state or a political subdivision of the
537	state;]
538	[(b) meets a critical local need;]
539	[(e) has greater economic feasibility;]
540	[(d) will yield revenue to the state within a reasonable time or will return a reasonable
541	rate of interest, based on financial feasibility; and]
542	[(e) meets other considerations deemed necessary by the board, including wildlife
543	management and recreational needs.]
544	[(3) (a) In determining the economic feasibility, the board shall establish a
545	benefit-to-cost ratio for each project, using a uniform standard of procedure for all projects.]
546	[(b) In considering whether a project should be built, the benefit-to-cost ratio for each
547	project shall be weighted based on the relative cost of the project.]
548	[(c) A project, when considered in total with all other projects constructed under this
549	chapter and still the subject of a repayment contract, may not cause the accumulative
550	benefit-to-cost ratio of the projects to be less than one to one.]
551	[(4) A project may not be built if the project is not:]
552	[(a) in the public interest, as determined by the board; or]
553	[(b) adequately designed based on sound engineering and geologic considerations.]
554	[(5)] (2) [In] Subject to Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization, in preparing a

555	project constructed by the board, the board shall:
556	(a) based on a competitive bid, award a contract for:
557	(i) a flood control project:
558	(A) involving a city or county; and
559	(B) costing in excess of \$35,000;
560	(ii) the construction of a storage reservoir in excess of 100 acre-feet; or
561	(iii) the construction of a hydroelectric generating facility;
562	(b) publish an advertisement for a competitive bid:
563	(i) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper with general
564	circulation in the state, with the last date of publication appearing at least five days before the
565	schedule bid opening; and
566	(ii) indicating that the board:
567	(A) will award the contract to the lowest responsible bidder; and
568	(B) reserves the right to reject any and all bids;
569	(c) readvertise the project in the manner specified in Subsection $[(5)(b)]$ (2)(b) if the
570	board rejects all of the initial bids on the project; and
571	(d) keep an accurate record of all facts and representations relied upon in preparing the
572	board's estimated cost for a project that is subject to the competitive bidding requirements of
573	this section.
574	[(6)] (3) If no satisfactory bid is received by the board upon the readvertisement of the
575	project in accordance with Subsection [(5)] (2), the board may proceed to construct the project
576	in accordance with the plan and specifications used to calculate the estimated cost of the
577	project.
578	[(7)] <u>(4)</u> If a payment on a contract with a private contractor for construction of a
579	project under this section is retained or withheld, it shall be retained or withheld and released
580	as provided in Section 13-8-5.
581	Section 14. Section 73-10-29 is amended to read:
582	73-10-29. Additional amounts allocated Repayment.
583	(1) The [board] Board of Water Resources, subject to Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning
584	and Prioritization, and in addition to the amount allocated to a project to cover the actual cost
585	of construction, may:

586	(a) allocate to the project constructed by [it] the Board of Water Resources, under
587	contract or otherwise, [such] the amounts as may be determined by [it] the Board of Water
588	Resources for investigating, engineering, inspection, and other expenses[5]; and [may]
589	(b) provide for the repayment of the [same] the expenses out of the first money
590	repayable from the project under the contract for its construction[, and such money so].
591	(2) Money repaid under Subsection (1) shall be accounted for within the Water
592	Resources Construction Fund, to be used by the [board] Board of Water Resources for the
593	purpose of making investigations for the development of the water resources of the state.
594	Section 15. Section 73-10-30 is amended to read:
595	73-10-30. Construction in conjunction with Water Resources Construction Fund
596	Supplemental financing.
597	(1) Projects authorized under this chapter may be constructed in participation with
598	money from the Water Resources Construction Fund when authorized by the [board] Board of
599	Water Resources and prioritized under Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization.
600	(2) Projects specified by the Legislature to be financed by general obligation bonds of
601	the state may receive supplemental financing from the Water Resources Conservation and
602	Development Fund when needed and money is available.
603	Section 16. Section 73-10-31 is amended to read:
604	73-10-31. Allocation of funds for credit enhancement and interest buy-down
605	agreements.
606	(1) [Of] Notwithstanding Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization, the
607	combined expenditures from the Water Resources Cities Water Loan Fund and Water
608	Resources Conservation and Development Fund authorized by the Board of Water Resources
609	each year, at least 10% shall be allocated for credit enhancement and interest buy-down
610	agreements.
611	(2) The requirement specified in Subsection (1) shall apply only so long as sales and
612	use tax is transferred to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund as provided
613	in Section 59-12-103.
614	Section 17. Section 73-10c-3 is amended to read:
615	73-10c-3. Water Development Coordinating Council created Purpose
616	Members.

61/	(1) (a) There is created within the Department of Natural Resources a Water
618	Development Coordinating Council. The council is comprised of:
619	(i) the director of the Division of Water Resources;
620	(ii) the executive secretary of the Water Quality Board;
621	(iii) the executive secretary of the Drinking Water Board;
622	(iv) the director of the Housing and Community Development Division or the director's
623	designee;
624	(v) the state treasurer or the state treasurer's designee; and
625	(vi) the commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Food, or the
626	commissioner's designee.
627	(b) The council shall choose a chair and vice chair from among the council's own
628	members, except the chair and vice chair shall be from different departments.
629	(c) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
630	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
631	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
632	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
633	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
634	63A-3-107.
635	(2) The purposes of the council are to:
636	(a) coordinate the use and application of the [funds] money available to the state to
637	give financial assistance to political subdivisions of this state so as to promote the
638	conservation, development, treatment, restoration, and protection of the waters of this state;
639	(b) promote the coordination of the financial assistance programs administered by the
640	state and the use of the financing alternative most economically advantageous to the state and
641	its political subdivisions;
642	(c) promote the consideration by the Board of Water Resources, Drinking Water
643	Board, and Water Quality Board of regional solutions to the water and wastewater needs of
644	individual political subdivisions of this state;
645	(d) assess the adequacy and needs of the state and its political subdivisions with respec
646	to water-related infrastructures and advise the governor and the Legislature on those funding
647	needs; [and]

648	(e) conduct reviews and reports on water-related infrastructure issues as directed by
649	statute[-]; and
650	(f) engage in planning and prioritization of water infrastructure projects in accordance
651	with Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization.
652	Section 18. Section 73-10c-4 is amended to read:
653	73-10c-4. Credit enhancement and interest buy-down agreements Loans or
654	grants Hardship grants.
655	(1) [On] Subject to Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization, on behalf of the
656	state, the Water Quality Board and the Drinking Water Board may each enter into credit
657	enhancement agreements with political subdivisions containing terms and provisions that the
658	acting board determines will reasonably improve the security for or marketability of drinking
659	water and wastewater project obligations, including any of the following:
660	(a) a term providing security for drinking water and wastewater project obligations, as
661	provided in Subsection 73-10c-6(2)(b), by agreeing to purchase the drinking water or
662	wastewater project obligations of, or to make loans to, political subdivisions from a subaccount
663	of the security fund for the purpose of preventing defaults in the payment of principal and
664	interest on drinking water and wastewater project obligations;
665	(b) a term making loans to political subdivisions to pay the cost of obtaining:
666	(i) letters of credit from banks, savings and loan institutions, insurance companies, or
667	other financial institutions;
668	(ii) municipal bond insurance; or
669	(iii) other forms of insurance or security to provide security for drinking water and
670	wastewater project obligations; and
671	(c) a term providing other methods and assistance to political subdivisions that are
672	reasonable and proper to enhance the marketability of or security for drinking water and
673	wastewater project obligations.
674	(2) (a) The Drinking Water Board and the Water Quality Board may each make loans
675	from a security fund subaccount to political subdivisions to finance all or part of drinking water
676	and wastewater project costs by following the procedures and requirements of Sections
677	73-10c-4.1 and 73-10c-4.2.
678	(b) These loans may only be made after credit enhancement agreements, interest

- buy-down agreements, and all other financing alternatives have been evaluated by the acting
 board and the <u>acting</u> board determines those options are unavailable or unreasonably expensive
 for the subdivision requesting assistance.
 - (c) Loans may be made from the security fund subaccount at interest rates determined by the acting board.
 - (3) (a) The Drinking Water Board and the Water Quality Board may each make loans or grants from the security fund to political subdivisions for interest buy-down agreements for drinking water or wastewater project obligations.
 - (b) The Drinking Water Board may make loans or grants from the security account to political subdivisions for planning for drinking water projects.
 - (4) (a) Of the total amount of money annually available to the Drinking Water Board and Water Quality Board for financial assistance to political subdivisions, at least 10% shall be allocated by each board for credit enhancement and interest buy-down agreements.
 - (b) The requirement specified in Subsection (4)(a) shall apply only so long as sales and use tax is transferred to the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount and Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount as provided in Section 59-12-103.
 - (5) To the extent money is available in the hardship grant subaccounts of the security fund, the Drinking Water Board and the Water Quality Board may each make grants to political subdivisions that meet the drinking water or wastewater project loan considerations respectively, but whose projects are determined by the granting board to not be economically feasible unless grant assistance is provided.
 - (6) The Drinking Water <u>Board</u> and Water Quality [<u>Boards</u>] <u>Board</u> may at any time transfer money out of their respective hardship grant subaccounts of the security fund to their respective loan program subaccounts.
 - (7) The Water Quality Board may make a grant from the Hardship Grant Program for Wastewater Projects Subaccount created in Subsection 73-10c-5(2)(c) for a nonpoint source project as provided by Section 73-10c-4.5 if:
 - (a) money is available in the subaccount; and
 - (b) the Water Quality Board determines that the project would not be economically feasible unless a grant were made.
 - Section 19. Section **73-10c-4.1** is amended to read:

710	73-10c-4.1. Wastewater projects Loan criteria and requirements Process for
711	approval.
712	(1) The Water Quality Board shall review the plans and specifications for a wastewater
713	project before approval of any loan and may condition approval on the availability of loan
714	funds and on assurances that the Water Quality Board considers necessary to ensure that loan
715	funds are used to pay the wastewater project costs and that the wastewater project is completed
716	(2) (a) Each loan shall specify the terms for repayment, with the term, interest rate or
717	rates, including a variable rate, and security as determined by the Water Quality Board.
718	(b) The loan may be evidenced by general obligation or revenue bonds or other
719	obligations of the political subdivision.
720	(c) Loan payments made by a political subdivision shall be deposited in the Water
721	Quality Security Subaccount as described in Section 73-10c-5.
722	(d) The loans are subject to [the provisions of] Title 63B, Chapter 1b, State Financing
723	Consolidation Act.
724	(3) [In] Subject to Subsection 73-10c-5(6), in determining the priority for a wastewater
725	project loan, the Water Quality Board shall consider:
726	(a) the ability of the political subdivision to obtain money for the wastewater project
727	from other sources or to finance the project from its own resources;
728	(b) the ability of the political subdivision to repay the loan;
729	(c) whether or not a good faith effort to secure all or part of the services needed from
730	the private sector of the economy has been made; and
731	(d) whether or not the wastewater project:
732	(i) meets a critical local or state need;
733	(ii) is cost effective;
734	(iii) will protect against present or potential health hazards;
735	(iv) is needed to comply with minimum standards of the federal Water Pollution
736	Control Act, Title 33, Chapter 26, United States Code, or any similar or successor statute;
737	(v) is needed to comply with the minimum standards of Title 19, Chapter 5, Water
738	Quality Act, or any similar or successor statute;
739	(vi) is designed to reduce the pollution of the waters of this state; and
740	(vii) meets any other consideration considered necessary by the Water Quality Board.

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- 741 (4) In determining the cost effectiveness of a wastewater project the Water Quality 742 Board shall:
 - (a) require the preparation of a cost-effective analysis of feasible wastewater treatment or conveyance alternatives capable of meeting state and federal water quality and public health requirements;
 - (b) consider monetary costs, including the present worth or equivalent annual value of all capital costs and operation, maintenance, and replacement costs; and
 - (c) ensure that the alternative selected is the most economical means of meeting applicable state and federal wastewater and water quality or public health requirements over the useful life of the facility while recognizing environmental and other nonmonetary considerations.
 - (5) A loan may not be made for a wastewater project that is not in the public interest as determined by the Water Quality Board.
 - Section 20. Section **73-10c-4.2** is amended to read:
 - 73-10c-4.2. Drinking water projects -- Loan criteria and requirements -- Process for approval.
 - (1) The Drinking Water Board shall review the plans and specifications for a drinking water project before approval of any loan and may condition approval on the availability of loan funds and on the assurances that the Drinking Water Board considers necessary to ensure that loan funds are used to pay the drinking water project costs and that the drinking water project is completed.
 - (2) (a) Each loan shall specify the terms for repayment, with the term, interest rate or rates, including a variable rate, and security as determined by the Drinking Water Board.
 - (b) The loan may be evidenced by general obligation or revenue bonds or other obligations of the political subdivision.
 - (c) Loan payments made by a political subdivision shall be deposited in the Drinking Water Security Subaccount as described in Section 73-10c-5.
 - (d) The loans are subject to the provisions of Title 63B, Chapter 1b, State Financing Consolidation Act.
- 770 (3) [In] Subject to Subsection 73-10c-5(6), in determining the priority for a drinking water project loan, the Drinking Water Board shall consider:

772	(a) the ability of the political subdivision to obtain money for the drinking water
773	project from other sources or to finance such project from its own resources;
774	(b) the ability of the political subdivision to repay the loan;
775	(c) whether or not a good faith effort to secure all or part of the services needed from
776	the private sector of the economy has been made; and
777	(d) whether or not the drinking water project:
778	(i) meets a critical local or state need;
779	(ii) is cost effective;
780	(iii) will protect against present or potential health hazards;
781	(iv) is needed to comply with minimum standards of the federal Safe Drinking Water
782	Act, or any similar or successor statute;
783	(v) is needed to comply with the minimum standards of Title 19, Chapter 4, Safe
784	Drinking Water Act, or any similar or successor statute; and
785	(vi) meets any other consideration considered necessary by the Drinking Water Board.
786	(4) In determining the cost effectiveness of a drinking water project the Drinking Water
787	Board shall:
788	(a) require the preparation of a cost-effective analysis of feasible drinking water
789	projects;
790	(b) consider monetary costs, including the present worth or equivalent annual value of
791	all capital costs and operation, maintenance, and replacement cost; and
792	(c) ensure that the alternative selected is the most economical means of meeting
793	applicable water quality or public health requirements over the useful life of the facility while
794	recognizing environmental and other nonmonetary considerations.
795	(5) A loan may not be made for a drinking water project that is not in the public
796	interest as determined by the Drinking Water Board.
797	Section 21. Section 73-10c-5 is amended to read:
798	73-10c-5. Water Development Security Fund created Water Quality Security
799	and Drinking Water Security Subaccounts created Use Revolving loan funds
800	Hardship grants.
801	(1) There is established an enterprise fund known as the Water Development Security
802	Fund which includes the Water Quality Security Subaccount and the Drinking Water Security

803	Subaccount.
804	(2) The Water Quality Security Subaccount consists of four subaccounts:
805	(a) the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount, which consists of:
806	(i) money appropriated to the subaccount by the Legislature;
807	(ii) money received from the repayment of the principal of loans made by the Water
808	Quality Board under Sections 73-10c-4 and 73-10c-6 from the Utah Wastewater Loan Program
809	Subaccount; and
810	(iii) money deposited in the subaccount under any other law;
811	(b) the Utah State Revolving Fund for Wastewater Projects Subaccount, which consists
812	of:
813	(i) money appropriated to the subaccount by the Legislature;
814	(ii) money received from the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount applied to
815	meet match requirements for federal funds under 33 U.S.C.A. 1251 et seq., federal Clean
816	Water Act;
817	(iii) money received from the repayment of loans made by the Water Quality Board
818	under Section 73-10c-4 from the Utah State Revolving Fund for Wastewater Projects
819	Subaccount;
820	(iv) money received from the repayment of loans made by the Water Quality Board
821	under Section 73-10c-4.5;
822	(v) money deposited in the subaccount under any other law;
823	(vi) money received under and subject to the restrictions of 33 U.S.C.A. 1251 et seq.,
824	federal Clean Water Act, and which is eligible for use in state revolving loan funds established
825	to meet the requirements of the act; and
826	(vii) all investment income derived from money in the Utah State Revolving Fund for
827	Wastewater Projects Subaccount;
828	(c) the Hardship Grant Program for Wastewater Projects Subaccount, which consists
829	of:
830	(i) money appropriated to the subaccount by the Legislature;
831	(ii) money received as interest payments on loans made by the Water Quality Board
832	under Sections 73-10c-4 and 73-10c-6, from the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount;
833	(iii) money deposited in the subaccount under any other law;

834	(iv) the Hardship Grant Assessment charged to State Revolving Fund loan recipients;
835	and
836	(v) all investment income derived from money in the Utah Wastewater Loan Program
837	Subaccount or the Hardship Grant Program for Wastewater Projects Subaccount; and
838	(d) the Water Quality Origination Fee Subaccount, which consists of the origination
839	fee paid under Section 73-10c-10.
840	(3) The Drinking Water Security Subaccount consists of four subaccounts:
841	(a) the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount, which consists of:
842	(i) money appropriated to the subaccount by the Legislature;
843	(ii) money received from the repayment of the principal of loans made by the Drinking
844	Water Board under Sections 73-10c-4 and 73-10c-6, from the Drinking Water Loan Program
845	Subaccount; and
846	(iii) money deposited in the subaccount under any other law;
847	(b) the State Revolving Fund for Drinking Water Projects Subaccount, which consists
848	of:
849	(i) money appropriated to the subaccount by the Legislature;
850	(ii) money received from the Utah Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount and
851	applied to meet match requirements for federal funds under 42 U.S.C.A. 300f et seq., federal
852	Safe Drinking Water Act;
853	(iii) money received from the repayment of loans made by the Drinking Water Board
854	under Section 73-10c-4 from the State Revolving Fund for Drinking Water Projects
855	Subaccount;
856	(iv) money deposited in the subaccount under any other law;
857	(v) money received under and subject to the restrictions of 42 U.S.C.A. 300f et seq.,
858	federal Safe Drinking Water Act, and which is eligible for use in state revolving loan funds
859	established to meet the requirements of the act; and
860	(vi) all investment income derived from money in the State Revolving Fund for
861	Drinking Water Projects Subaccount;
862	(c) the Hardship Grant Program for Drinking Water Projects Subaccount, which
863	consists of:
864	(i) money appropriated to the subaccount by the Legislature;

865	(ii) money received from interest payments on loans made by the Drinking Water
866	Board under Sections 73-10c-4 and 73-10c-6, from the Drinking Water Loan Program
867	Subaccount;
868	(iii) money deposited in the subaccount under any other law;
869	(iv) the Hardship Grant Assessment charged to State Revolving Fund loan recipients;
870	and
871	(v) all investment income derived from money in the Drinking Water Loan Program
872	Subaccount or the Hardship Grant Program for Drinking Water Projects Subaccount; and
873	(d) the Drinking Water Origination Fee Subaccount, which consists of the origination
874	fee paid under Section 73-10c-10.
875	(4) State money in the Water Quality Security Subaccount and the Drinking Water
876	Security Subaccount may be applied to meet match requirements for federal funds under the
877	Clean Water Act, 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq. and the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec.
878	300f et seq.
879	(5) If the money in the security fund is insufficient for the purposes for which the
880	security fund is established, the council shall ask the governor to request the Legislature to
881	appropriate additional money to the account.
882	(6) (a) The Drinking Water Board and Water Quality Board may use the money in the
883	appropriate security fund subaccount:
884	(i) only to the extent of the money available in the account[7];
885	(ii) for the support of drinking water projects and wastewater projects in accordance
886	with the terms of credit enhancement agreements, grant agreements, and loan agreements[:];
887	<u>and</u>
888	(iii) to fund in whole or in part a water infrastructure project, as defined in Section
889	73-10g-102, not including state funding used to meet federal match requirements, only if the
890	water infrastructure project is prioritized by the Water Development Coordinating Council
891	under Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization.
892	(b) Repayments to the security fund from loans made by the acting board, money
893	allocated by the Legislature, and interest accrued on the money shall remain available for use
894	by that acting board for further project funding.
895	(c) The Drinking Water Board and Water Quality Board may use the money in the

896	origination fee subaccount to administer this chapter.
397	(d) The Water Development Coordinating Council shall include in the unified state
898	water infrastructure plan water infrastructure projects funded with federal State Revolving
399	Fund funding or state water funds used to meet federal match requirements. A water
900	infrastructure project described in this Subsection (6)(d) may be added to the unified state
901	water infrastructure plan after the water infrastructure project receives authorization for
902	funding from the Drinking Water Board or Water Quality Board.
903	(7) [Funds] Money received under the Safe Drinking Water Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 300f et
904	seq. may be used for providing financial assistance to community water systems and nonprofit
905	noncommunity water systems as defined and within the limits of that act.
906	Section 22. Section 73-10g-102 is amended to read:
907	73-10g-102. Definitions.
908	As used in this chapter:
909	(1) (a) "Available funds" means money that may be issued as a loan or grant in
910	accordance with a fund or account created under this title, including:
911	(i) the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund;
912	(ii) the Water Resources Construction Fund, including the fund's subaccounts;
913	(iii) the Water Resources Cities Water Loan Fund;
914	(iv) the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account;
915	(v) the Water Development Security Fund, including the fund's subaccounts;
916	(vi) the Water Infrastructure Fund;
917	(vii) the Water Development and Flood Mitigation Reserve Account; and
918	(viii) the Lake Powell Pipeline Project Operation and Maintenance Fund.
919	(b) "Available funds" does not include the Agricultural Water Optimization Account.
920	(2) "Board" means the Board of Water Resources[;].
921	[(2)] (3) "Division" means the Division of Water Resources[; and].
922	[(3)] (4) "Restricted account" means the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account
923	created in Section 73-10g-103.
924	(5) "Retail water supplier" means a person that supplies water to an end user for
925	municipal or industrial purposes such as human consumption or other domestic uses.
926	(6) "Water Infrastructure Fund" means the special revenue fund created in Section

927	<u>/3-10g-108.</u>
928	(7) "Water infrastructure project" means:
929	(a) the following for the supply, control, measurement, treatment, distribution, storage,
930	or transport of water:
931	(i) planning;
932	(ii) design;
933	(iii) construction;
934	(iv) reconstruction;
935	(v) improvement;
936	(vi) renovation;
937	(vii) acquisition; or
938	(viii) seismic upgrade; or
939	(b) a project to engage in planning consistent with Part 6, Planning and Prioritization.
940	Section 23. Section 73-10g-103 is amended to read:
941	73-10g-103. Creation of the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account.
942	(1) (a) There is created a restricted account in the General Fund known as the "Water
943	Infrastructure Restricted Account."
944	(b) The restricted account shall earn interest.
945	(2) The restricted account consists of money generated from the following sources:
946	(a) voluntary contributions made to the division for the construction, operation, or
947	maintenance of state water projects;
948	(b) appropriations made to the restricted account by the Legislature;
949	(c) interest earned on the restricted account; and
950	(d) money transferred to the restricted account under Section 73-10-25.
951	(3) Subject to appropriation and prioritization under Part 6, Planning and Prioritization,
952	the division and the board shall manage the restricted account created in Subsection (1) in
953	accordance with this chapter.
954	Section 24. Section 73-10g-104 is amended to read:
955	73-10g-104. Authorized use of the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account.
956	[Money in the restricted account is to be used for:]
957	(1) Subject to appropriation and Part 6, Planning and Prioritization, the board shall

958	allocate and expend money in the restricted account to fund, in whole or in part, water
959	infrastructure projects.
960	(2) Water infrastructure projects funded by the restricted account include:
961	[(1)] (a) the development of the state's undeveloped share of the Bear [and] River or
962	Colorado [rivers] River, pursuant to existing interstate compacts governing both rivers as
963	described in Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act, and Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline
964	Development Act;
965	[(2)] (b) repair, replacement, or improvement of federal water projects for local
966	sponsors in the state when federal funds are not available;
967	[(3)] (c) study and development of rules, criteria, targets, processes, and plans, as
968	described in Subsection 73-10g-105(3); and
969	[(4)] (d) a project that benefits the Colorado River drainage in Utah, including projects
970	for water reuse, desalinization, building of dams, or water conservation, if a county or
971	municipality that benefits from the project:
972	[(a)] (i) requires a new residential subdivision follow the regional conservation level of
973	.59 acre-feet regardless of whether the outside water is potable, reuse, or secondary water;
974	[(b)] (ii) adopts and implements the local water conservancy district's emergency
975	drought contingency plan;
976	[(c)] (iii) adopts and implements the local water conservancy district's grass rebate
977	program's maximum grass restrictions;
978	[(d)] (iv) prohibits grass in new retail, industrial, or commercial facility landscaping;
979	$[\underline{(e)}]$ $\underline{(v)}$ has reuse water be managed by the local water conservancy district;
980	[(f)] (vi) does not withdraw water from an aquifer in excess of the safe yield of the
981	aquifer as defined in Section 73-5-15;
982	[(g)] (vii) adopts and implements excess water use surcharges;
983	[(h)] (viii) prohibits private water features in new development, such as a fountain,
984	pond, or ski lake; and
985	[(i)] (ix) prohibits large grassy areas in new development, unless the large grassy area
986	is open to the general public.
987	Section 25. Section 73-10g-105 is amended to read:
988	73-10g-105. Loans Rulemaking.

989	(1) (a) The division and the board shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G,
990	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, in preparation to make loans from available
991	funds to repair, replace, or improve underfunded federal water infrastructure projects.
992	(b) Subject to Part 6, Planning and Prioritization, Chapter 26, Bear River Development
993	Act, and Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act, the division and the board shall
994	make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, in
995	preparation to make loans from available funds to develop the state's undeveloped share of the
996	Bear [and] River or Colorado [rivers] River.
997	(2) The rules described in Subsection (1) shall:
998	(a) specify the amount of money that may be loaned;
999	(b) [specify the criteria the division and the board shall consider in prioritizing and]
1000	require the division and the board to comply with Part 6, Planning and Prioritization, in
1001	awarding loans;
1002	(c) specify the minimum qualifications for a person to receive a loan, including:
1003	(i) the amount of cost-sharing to be the responsibility of the person applying for a loan;
1004	<u>and</u>
1005	(ii) compliance with Section 73-10g-605;
1006	(d) specify the terms of the loan, including the terms of repayment; and
1007	(e) require an applicant for a loan to apply on forms provided by the division and in a
1008	manner required by the division.
1009	(3) The division and the board shall, in making the rules described in Subsection (1)
1010	and in consultation with the Legislative Water Development Commission created in Section
1011	73-27-102:
1012	(a) establish criteria for better water data and data reporting;
1013	(b) establish new conservation targets based on the data described in Subsection (3)(a);
1014	(c) institute a process for the independent verification of the data described in
1015	Subsection (3)(a);
1016	(d) establish a plan for an independent review of:
1017	(i) the proposed construction plan for an applicant's qualifying water infrastructure
	(1) the proposed construction plan for an applicant's quantying water infrastructure

(ii) the applicant's plan to repay the loan for the construction of the proposed water

1020	infrastructure project;
1021	(e) invite and recommend public involvement; and
1022	(f) set appropriate financing and repayment terms.
1023	(4) The division and the board shall provide regular updates to the Legislative
1024	Management Committee on the progress made under this section, including whether the
1025	division and board intend to issue a request for proposals.
1026	Section 26. Section 73-10g-105.5 is enacted to read:
1027	73-10g-105.5. Grants Rulemaking.
1028	(1) Subject to Part 6, Planning and Prioritization, the division and the board shall make
1029	rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, in
1030	preparation to make grants from available funds for water infrastructure projects.
1031	(2) The rules described in Subsection (1) shall:
1032	(a) specify from which fund or account the grant money is to be issued;
1033	(b) specify the amount of money that may be granted;
1034	(c) require the division and the board to comply with Part 6, Planning and
1035	Prioritization, in awarding grants;
1036	(d) specify the minimum qualifications for a person to receive a grant, except that the
1037	division and board shall require compliance with Section 73-10g-605 to be eligible for a grant;
1038	(e) specify the terms of the grant; and
1039	(f) require an applicant for a grant to apply on forms provided by the division and in a
1040	manner required by the division.
1041	Section 27. Section 73-10g-107 is enacted to read:
1042	73-10g-107. Water use fee Study of water funding tools.
1043	(1) (a) Beginning July 1, 2027, the board shall assess an annual fee on a retail water
1044	supplier as a condition of the retail water supplier providing water to an end user.
1045	(b) The board shall calculate the amount of the annual fee assessed by:
1046	(i) determining the amount of money committed to fund prioritized water infrastructure
1047	projects in fiscal year 2026; and
1048	(ii) calculating the proportional share of the amount described in Subsection (1)(b)(i)
1049	for each retail water supplier based on the amount of water the retail water supplier supplies to
1050	an end user.

1051	(c) The board shall deposit money collected from the fee into the Water Infrastructure
1052	Fund created in Section 73-10g-108.
1053	(d) The board may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1054	Administrative Rulemaking Act, providing for the method of assessing and collecting the fee.
1055	(2) (a) In addition to the Department of Natural Resources' study under Section
1056	79-2-407, the board shall study the funding of water infrastructure projects in the state through:
1057	(i) the collection of the fee provided in Subsection (1); and
1058	(ii) the consolidation into a single fund or account money used to fund water
1059	infrastructure projects as described in Subsection (4).
1060	(b) The board shall consider how to facilitate the implementation of Part 6, Planning
1061	and Prioritization, as part of the study.
1062	(3) With regard to the fee, the board shall study and make recommendations about how
1063	to modify Subsection (1) regarding:
1064	(a) who is assessed the fee;
1065	(b) how to calculate the fee amount, including any adjustments to the fee amount over
1066	time;
1067	(c) the process of collecting the fee;
1068	(d) where the money collected should be deposited;
1069	(e) whether the revenue stream should be configured as a tax rather than a fee; and
1070	(f) how the money collected should be spent.
1071	(4) With regard to the consolidation of funds or accounts, the board shall study and
1072	make recommendations about consolidating into a single fund or account money used to fund
1073	water infrastructure projects, including available funds.
1074	(5) The board shall report the board's findings from the study described in this section,
1075	including any recommendations, to the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment
1076	Interim Committee and the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environmental Quality
1077	Appropriations Subcommittee by no later than the 2024 October interim meetings of the
1078	<u>Legislature.</u>
1079	Section 28. Section 73-10g-108 is enacted to read:
1080	73-10g-108. Water Infrastructure Fund.
1081	(1) There is created an enterprise fund known as the "Water Infrastructure Fund."

1082	which is referred to in this section as the "fund."
1083	(2) The fund shall consist of:
1084	(a) deposits of the water infrastructure fee under Section 73-10g-107;
1085	(b) appropriations from the Legislature; and
1086	(c) interest and earnings on the fund.
1087	(3) The state treasurer shall invest the money in the fund according to Title 51, Chapter
1088	7, State Money Management Act, except that interest or other earnings derived from those
1089	investments shall be deposited into the fund.
1090	(4) The board may issue loans and grants from the fund to pay for water infrastructure
1091	projects prioritized by the Water Development Coordinating Council under Part 6, Planning
1092	and Prioritization, including:
1093	(a) a new water infrastructure project; or
1094	(b) a water infrastructure project that exists at the time of the loan or grant.
1095	Section 29. Section 73-10g-301 is amended to read:
1096	Part 3. Watershed Councils Act
1097	73-10g-301. Implementation of part.
1098	[(1) This part is known as the "Watershed Councils Act." (2)]
1099	This part shall be liberally construed to:
1100	[(a)] (1) provide input to the Water Development Coordinating Council regarding
1101	infrastructure planning on a watershed and state level in accordance with Part 6, Planning and
1102	Prioritization;
1103	(2) develop diverse and balanced stakeholder forums for discussion of water policy and
1104	resource issues at watershed and state levels that are not vested with regulatory, infrastructure
1105	financing, or enforcement powers or responsibilities; and
1106	[(b)] (3) use local expertise and resources found in universities and other research
1107	institutions or in regional, state, and federal agencies.
1108	Section 30. Section 73-10g-304 is amended to read:
1109	73-10g-304. Utah Watersheds Council Creation and governance.
1110	(1) Within the Department of Natural Resources, there is created the "Utah Watersheds
1111	Council" consisting of the following members who are residents of the state:
1112	(a) the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources;

1113	(b) the executive director of the Department of Environmental Quanty,
1114	(c) the commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Food;
1115	(d) the director of the Utah Division of Indian Affairs;
1116	(e) the Utah State University Extension vice president;
1117	(f) the director of the Division of Emergency Management within the Department of
1118	Public Safety;
1119	(g) a representative designated by the Utah Association of Counties;
1120	(h) a representative designated by the Utah League of Cities and Towns;
1121	(i) a representative designated by the Utah Association of Special Districts;
1122	(j) a representative of reclamation projects located in the state selected by the governor
1123	from a list of three persons nominated jointly by the local sponsors of reclamation projects
1124	located in the state and the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources;
1125	(k) a representative of agricultural interests selected by the governor from a list of three
1126	persons nominated jointly by the commissioner of the Department of Agriculture and Food, the
1127	president of the Utah Farm Bureau, and the Utah State University Extension vice president;
1128	(l) a representative of environmental conservation interests selected by the governor
1129	from a list of three persons nominated jointly by the executive directors of the Department of
1130	Environmental Quality and Department of Natural Resources;
1131	(m) a representative of business and industry water interests selected by the governor
1132	from a list of three individuals nominated jointly by the Utah Manufacturers Association, Utah
1133	Mining Association, and Utah Petroleum Association;
1134	(n) an attorney who is authorized to practice law in the state, who has recognized
1135	expertise in water law, and is selected by the governor from a list of three individuals
1136	nominated jointly by the executive director of the Department of Natural Resources, the
1137	executive director of the Department of Environmental Quality, and the commissioner of the
1138	Department of Agriculture and Food; [and]
1139	(o) the state engineer, as a nonvoting member;
1140	(p) the director of the division, as a nonvoting member; and
1141	[(o)] (q) the designated individual selected by a local [watershed] council certified
1142	under Section 73-10g-306.
1143	(2) (a) The state council shall:

1144	(i) organize the state council as provided in this part;
1145	(ii) select a chair and at least one vice-chair from amo

- (ii) select a chair and at least one vice-chair from among the members of the state council to have powers and duties provided in the organizing documents adopted by the state council; and
- (iii) adopt policies to govern the state council's activities, including policies for the creation of subcommittees that may be less than a quorum of the state council and may include persons of suitable expertise who are not state council members.
- (b) The state council shall make the organizing documents and policies created under Subsection (2)(a) available:
 - (i) to the public;

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- (ii) at each meeting of the state council; and
- (iii) on a public website maintained by the division for council business.
- (3) The state council may invite federal agencies to name representatives as liaisons to the state council.
 - (4) The state council shall stagger the initial terms of the state council members listed in Subsections (1)(g) through (n), after which members will be replaced according to policies adopted by the state council.
 - (5) After the state council's initial organization, the state council may hold regular and special meetings at such locations within the state and on a schedule as the state council determines, provided that the state council shall meet at least semi-annually.
 - (6) A majority of the voting members of the state council constitutes a quorum.
- (7) The action of the majority of the <u>voting members of the state</u> council constitutes the action of the state council.
- (8) (a) The state council policies may allow that a properly authorized representative of a voting member of the state council may act in the place of that voting member if the voting member is absent or unable to act.
- (b) The state council shall enter in the record of a meeting proper documentation of a representative's authority to act on behalf of the voting member under this Subsection (8).
- (c) Authorization to act on behalf of a voting member may be given for more than one meeting.
- (d) Authorization to act on behalf of a voting member shall comply with the policies

1175	adopted by the state council.
1176	(9) (a) The division shall staff the state council.
1177	(b) The division may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1178	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to facilitate the creation and operation of the state council.
1179	Section 31. Section 73-10g-305 is amended to read:
1180	73-10g-305. Role of the state council Reporting.
1181	(1) The state council [is directed to] shall:
1182	(a) serve as a forum to encourage and facilitate discussion and collaboration by and
1183	among the stakeholders relative to the water-related interests of the state and the state's people
1184	and institutions;
1185	(b) facilitate communication and coordination between the Department of Natural
1186	Resources, the Department of Agriculture and Food, the Department of Environmental Quality
1187	and other state and federal agencies in the administration and implementation of water-related
1188	activities;
1189	(c) facilitate the establishment of local [watershed] councils by certifying a local
1190	council:
1191	(i) for the watersheds defined in Section 73-10g-303; and
1192	(ii) after reviewing the proceedings and documents submitted by proposed local
1193	councils, to ensure that the local council meets the certification requirements in Section
1194	73-10g-306;
1195	(d) provide resources and support for the administration of local councils;
1196	(e) consult and seek guidance from local councils; [and]
1197	(f) advise the Water Development Coordinating Council regarding a unified water
1198	infrastructure plan in accordance with Section 73-10g-602; and
1199	[(f)] (g) provide advice to the governor and Legislature on water issues.
1200	(2) The state council shall provide updates on the state council's activities annually, or
1201	as invited, to:
1202	(a) the Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Environment Interim Committee;
1203	(b) the Legislative Water Development Commission; and
1204	(c) the Utah Water Task Force.
1205	Section 32. Section 73-10g-306 is amended to read:

1206	73-10g-306. Local councils Creation.
1207	(1) A proposed local [watershed] council may be certified by the Utah Watersheds
1208	Council under Subsection 73-10g-305(1)(c) if:
1209	(a) the organizing documents and policies of the proposed local [watershed] council:
1210	(i) provide for an open and equitable system of governance;
1211	(ii) encourage participation by a water user or group of water users, other watershed
1212	groups, mutual irrigation companies, distribution system committees, and other stakeholders
1213	within the watershed; and
1214	(iii) require that:
1215	(A) a majority of the members of the local council constitutes a quorum; and
1216	(B) an action of the local council be approved by no less than a majority of the
1217	members of the local council;
1218	(b) in a balance appropriate for the watershed, the proposed local council membership
1219	includes watershed stakeholders who reside or work within the watershed or own or control the
1220	right to divert or use water within the watershed and is representative, where feasible, of at
1221	least these interests:
1222	(i) agriculture;
1223	(ii) industry;
1224	(iii) Indian tribes;
1225	(iv) public water suppliers, as defined in Section 73-1-4;
1226	(v) water planning and research institutions;
1227	(vi) water quality;
1228	(vii) fish and wildlife;
1229	(viii) water dependent habitat and environments;
1230	(ix) watershed management, such as distribution system committees functioning within
1231	the watershed;
1232	(x) mutual irrigation companies;
1233	(xi) land use planning agencies; and
1234	[(xii)] (xii) local sponsors of [reclamation] Bureau of Reclamation projects;
1235	(c) for each of the five watersheds that drain into Great Salt Lake, the proposed local
1236	council includes a person designated by the Great Salt Lake local watershed council, if the

123/	Great Salt Lake local [watershed] council is certified; and
1238	(d) for the Great Salt Lake watershed, the proposed local council includes a person
1239	designated by each of the five watersheds that drain into Great Salt Lake that has a certified
1240	local watershed council.
1241	(2) A local council may invite state and federal agencies to name representatives as
1242	liaisons to the local council.
1243	Section 33. Section 73-10g-601 is enacted to read:
1244	Part 6. Planning and Prioritization
1245	73-10g-601. Definitions.
1246	As used in this part:
1247	(1) "Agency plan" means a water infrastructure plan adopted by a relevant agency.
1248	(2) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of Natural
1249	Resources.
1250	(3) "Relevant agency" means:
1251	(a) the Division of Water Resources;
1252	(b) the Division of Drinking Water;
1253	(c) the Division of Water Quality;
1254	(d) the Housing and Community Development Division; and
1255	(e) the Department of Agriculture and Food.
1256	(4) "State council" means the Water Development Coordinating Council created in
1257	Sections 73-10c-3 and 79-2-201.
1258	(5) "State water funds" means money:
1259	(a) appropriated by the Legislature to fund a water infrastructure project; or
1260	(b) that is:
1261	(i) state money; and
1262	(ii) held in a fund administered by a relevant agency for purposes related to water.
1263	(6) "Utah Watersheds Council" means the Utah Watersheds Council created in Section
1264	<u>73-10g-304.</u>
1265	Section 34. Section 73-10g-602 is enacted to read:
1266	73-10g-602. Unified water infrastructure plan.
1267	(1) (a) The state council shall adopt a unified water infrastructure plan in accordance

1268	with this section by no later than January 1, 2025.
1269	(b) The state council shall update the unified water infrastructure plan as needed, but at
1270	least every four years.
1271	(c) A relevant agency may request that the state council amend the unified water
1272	infrastructure plan.
1273	(2) A unified water infrastructure plan shall:
1274	(a) describe water infrastructure projects:
1275	(i) needed to maintain the reliable supply of safe and clean water within the state; and
1276	(ii) organized in 10-year phases up to at least a 20-year plan; and
1277	(b) be based on agency plans submitted by the relevant agencies and other relevant
1278	information.
1279	(3) Beginning on June 30, 2024, a relevant agency shall:
1280	(a) annually adopt a water infrastructure agency plan that describes needed water
1281	infrastructure projects under the jurisdiction of the relevant agency;
1282	(b) organize an agency plan under this section in 10-year phases up to at least a 20-year
1283	plan; and
1284	(c) annually submit the agency plan to the state council by no later than June 30.
1285	(4) Before adopting or amending a unified water infrastructure plan, the state council
1286	shall provide a draft of the proposed unified water infrastructure plan to the Utah Watersheds
1287	Council and the Utah Watersheds Council may advise the state council concerning the unified
1288	water infrastructure plan.
1289	Section 35. Section 73-10g-603 is enacted to read:
1290	73-10g-603. Ranking and prioritizing water infrastructure projects.
1291	(1) The state council, in consultation with the relevant agencies, shall develop a written
1292	prioritization process for ranking and prioritizing water infrastructure projects that are or will
1293	be funded by state water funds beginning with fiscal year 2026. The written prioritization
1294	process shall:
1295	(a) identify water infrastructure projects listed in the unified water infrastructure plan
1296	described in Section 73-10g-602; and
1297	(b) rank the water infrastructure projects identified under Subsection (1)(a).
1298	(2) The following shall be included in the written prioritization process under

1299	Subsection (1):
1300	(a) subject to Subsection (3), categories of the types of water infrastructure projects
1301	against which other water infrastructure projects are prioritized;
1302	(b) exclusion of the following types of water infrastructure projects:
1303	(i) an emergency water infrastructure project; or
1304	(ii) a small water infrastructure project that receives less than an amount of state water
1305	funds established by rule made by the state council in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1306	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
1307	(c) hardship criteria that at a minimum refer to the hardship criteria of the Division of
1308	Drinking Water and the Division of Water Quality;
1309	(d) criteria related to the public interest, including conservation and the protection of
1310	public health and safety;
1311	(e) criteria to ensure that the project is adequately designed based on sound engineering
1312	and geologic considerations;
1313	(f) criteria for ranking or prioritizing a local water infrastructure project based on:
1314	(i) a local water infrastructure plan that is consistent with this section; and
1315	(ii) consultation with local entities about local water infrastructure projects;
1316	(g) criteria for ranking or prioritizing a water infrastructure project when state water
1317	funds will be used to match federal funding;
1318	(h) a requirement that a person who receives state water funds for a water infrastructure
1319	project:
1320	(i) engage in long-term planning consistent with Section 73-10g-602; and
1321	(ii) comply with Section 73-10g-605; and
1322	(i) any other provision the state council considers appropriate.
1323	(3) When including categories of types of water infrastructure projects used in the
1324	written prioritization process, the state council may consider whether to apply percentages of
1325	state water funds assigned to each category and the size and resources of recipients.
1326	(4) In developing the written prioritization process, the state council shall seek and
1327	consider public comment related to developing the written prioritization process by holding
1328	public meetings at locations throughout the state in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open
1329	and Public Meetings Act.

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1330	(5) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1331	the state council shall make rules establishing the written prioritization process under
1332	Subsection (1).
1333	(b) The state council shall submit a proposed rule to a committee or commission
1334	designated by the Legislative Management Committee for review before taking final action on
1335	the proposed rule or a proposed amendment to the rule described in this Subsection (5).
1336	(6) In determining priorities and funding levels of water infrastructure projects, the
1337	state council shall use the ranked list of water infrastructure projects based on the criteria
1338	adopted in the written prioritization process under Subsection (1).
1339	(7) A relevant agency shall annually report to the state council on the status of new
1340	water infrastructure projects, including water infrastructure projects that are funded by the
1341	Legislature in an appropriation act.
1342	(8) For a fiscal year before fiscal year 2026, a relevant agency shall prioritize water
1343	infrastructure projects within the jurisdiction of the relevant agency.
1344	Section 36. Section 73-10g-604 is enacted to read:
1345	73-10g-604. State council's general duties related to prioritizing Reporting
1346	Relevant agency actions.
1347	(1) The state council shall:
1348	(a) beginning with fiscal year 2026, determine priorities and funding levels of water
1349	infrastructure projects for each fiscal year based on ranked water infrastructure projects;
1350	(b) hold public meetings in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public
1351	Meetings Act, and otherwise provide for public input on funding of water infrastructure
1352	projects; and
1353	(c) make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1354	Rulemaking Act, necessary to perform the state council's duties related to:
1355	(i) adopting the unified water infrastructure plan;
1356	(ii) adopting a written prioritization plan; and
1357	(iii) prioritizing and setting funding levels for water infrastructure projects.
1358	(2) (a) For water infrastructure projects prioritized with funding provided under this
1359	title, the state council shall annually report, by no later than the October interim meeting of the
1360	Legislature, to a committee or commission designated by the Legislative Management

1361	<u>Committee:</u>
1362	(i) a prioritized list of the water infrastructure projects and the funding levels available
1363	for those water infrastructure projects; and
1364	(ii) the unfunded water infrastructure projects and maintenance needs within the state.
1365	(b) The committee or commission designated by the Legislative Management
1366	Committee under Subsection (2)(a) shall:
1367	(i) review the list reported by the state council; and
1368	(ii) recommend to the Legislature:
1369	(A) the amount of additional funding to allocate to water infrastructure projects; and
1370	(B) the source of revenue for the additional funding allocation under Subsection
1371	(2)(b)(ii)(A).
1372	(3) A relevant agency shall administer money prioritized under this part in a manner
1373	consistent with this part.
1374	Section 37. Section 73-10g-605 is enacted to read:
1375	73-10g-605. Capital asset management and reserve analysis Assistance for
1376	person seeking state funds.
1377	(1) As a condition of receiving state water funds for a water infrastructure project by a
1378	loan or grant, a recipient shall:
1379	(a) conduct a reserve study showing how the recipient shall:
1380	(i) repay the loan if the recipient receives a loan; and
1381	(ii) collect money for repair and replacement of the water infrastructure project;
1382	(b) if the recipient receives a loan, update the reserve study described in Subsection
1383	(1)(a) every five years or until the loan is repaid; and
1384	(c) comply with the relevant capital asset management requirements under:
1385	(i) Section 19-5-202 for a water infrastructure project related to wastewater or sewage
1386	infrastructure; or
1387	(ii) Section 73-10g-502 for a water provider's, as defined in Section 73-10g-501, water
1388	infrastructure project that is not described in Subsection (1)(c)(i).
1389	(2) A reserve study required under this section shall include:
1390	(a) a list of the components identified in the reserve analysis that will reasonably
1391	require reserve funds;

1392	(b) a statement of the probable remaining useful life, as of the date of the reserve
1393	analysis, of each component identified in the reserve analysis;
1394	(c) an estimate of the cost to repair, replace, or restore each component identified in the
1395	reserve analysis;
1396	(d) an estimate of the total annual contribution to a reserve fund necessary to meet the
1397	cost to repair, replace, or restore each component identified in the reserve analysis during the
1398	component's useful life and at the end of the component's useful life; and
1399	(e) a reserve funding plan that recommends how the system may fund the annual
1400	contribution described in Subsection (2)(d).
1401	(3) If a person seeking state water funds under this part establishes a need to the
1402	satisfaction of a relevant agency, the relevant agency may provide the person:
1403	(a) state water funds to assist the recipient in complying with the planning, reserve
1404	analysis, and capital asset management requirements of this part; or
1405	(b) technical assistance with the planning, reserve analysis, or capital asset
1406	management requirements of this part.
1407	Section 38. Section 73-20-8 is amended to read:
1408	73-20-8. Emergency Water Resources Account Creation Purpose.
1409	There is hereby created within the Water Resources Construction Fund an account to be
1410	known as the "Emergency Water Resources Account," the proceeds of which shall be used:
1411	(1) exclusively for the development of emergency water resources; and
1412	(2) (a) if prioritized under Chapter 10g, Part 6, Planning and Prioritization; or
1413	(b) excluded from prioritization pursuant to Subsection 73-10g-603(2)(b)(i).
1414	Section 39. Repealer.
1415	This bill repeals:
1416	Section 73-10-17, State water plan Authority of other agencies not impaired.
1417	Section 40. Effective date.
1418	This bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.